EXHIBIT 2 DATE 4.26.07 MB 678

Amendments to House Bill No. 678 Reference Copy

Requested by Representative Lange For the House Free Conference Committee

> Prepared by Greg Petesch April 25, 2007 (8:28am)

1. Title, line 11.

Following: "GRANTS;"

Insert: "MAKING THE PAYMENTS BASED UPON A CALCULATED BASIC
ENTITLEMENT UNIT; PROVIDING STATE FUNDING FOR THE TOTAL
BASIC ENTITLEMENT PAYMENT;"

Following: "20-9-104,"
Insert: "20-7-102,"

2. Title, line 12.

Following: "20-9-360,"

Insert: "20-9-311, 20-9-314,"

3. Page 9, line 17.

Insert: "Section 1. Section 20-7-102, MCA, is amended to read:
 "20-7-102. Accreditation of schools. (1) The conditions
under which each elementary school, each middle school, each
junior high school, 7th and 8th grades funded at high school
rates, and each high school operates must be reviewed by the
superintendent of public instruction to determine compliance with
the standards of accreditation. The accreditation status of each
school must then be established by the board of public education
upon the recommendation of the superintendent of public
instruction. Notification of the accreditation status for the
applicable school year or years must be given to each district by
the superintendent of public instruction.

- (2) A school may be accredited for a period consisting of 1, 2, 3, 4, or 5 school years, except that multiyear accreditation may be granted only to schools that are in compliance with 20-4-101.
- (3) A nonpublic school may, through its governing body, request that the board of public education accredit the school. Nonpublic schools may be accredited in the same manner as provided in subsection (1).
- (4) As used in this section, "7th and 8th grades funded at high school rates" means an elementary school district or K-12 district elementary program whose 7th and 8th grades are funded as provided in 20-9-306(14)(c)(ii) 20-9-306(16)(c)(ii)."

{Internal References to 20-7-102:

15-70-356 20-2-121

20-3-106

20-6-501

20-6-501 20-26-603

Renumber: subsequent sections

4. Page 11, line 30 through page 12, line 1.

Following: "AMOUNT" on page 11, line 30

Strike: remainder of line 30 through "ENTITLEMENT," on page 12, line 1

5. Page 12, line 2.
Following: "DISTRICT"
Strike: "_"

6. Page 12, line 3. Following: line 2

Insert: "(c) the total basic entitlement;"

Renumber: subsequent sections

7. Page 12, line 7.

Strike: "80%"
Insert: "100%"

Following: "of the"

Insert: "total"

8. Page 12, line 21.

Following: "means"

Insert: "the payment for the basic operation of each basic
 entitlement unit. The basic entitlement provides a level of
 funding for each basic entitlement unit as follows"

9. Page 12, line 22. Strike: "district"

Insert: "basic entitlement unit

10. Page 12, line 23.

Following: "school"

Strike: "district"

Insert: "basic entitlement unit"
Following: "district elementary"

Strike: "program"

Insert: "basic entitlement unit"

11. Page 12, line 25.

Following: "(c) "

Strike: "the prorated entitlement"

Following: "school"

Strike: "district"

Insert: "basic entitlement unit"
Following: "district elementary"

Strike: "program"

Insert: "basic entitlement unit"

12. Page 13, line 2. Following: line 1

- Insert: "(7) (a) "Basic entitlement unit" means, subject to
 subsection (7)(b):
 - (i) 800 ANB for a high school district;
 - (ii) 250 ANB for an elementary district; and
 - (iii) 450 ANB for a junior high school or middle school.
- (b) Each school district must receive a payment for at least one basic entitlement unit. A district with ANB greater than the applicable number described in subsection (7)(a) must receive an additional unit calculated by dividing the actual ANB by the appropriate number in subsection (7)(a) and rounding that number up to the nearest tenth."

Renumber: subsequent subsections

13. Page 13, line 4.

Strike: "40% of the basic entitlement and"

14. Page 13, line 8.

Following: the first "the"

Insert: "total"

15. Page 13, line 21.

Following: line 20

Insert: "(14) "Total basic entitlement" means the sum of the
 basic entitlements for all basic entitlement units in a
 district."

Renumber: subsequent sections

16. Page 26, line 5.

Insert: "Section 4. Section 20-9-311, MCA, is amended to read:
 "20-9-311. (Temporary) Calculation of average number
belonging (ANB) -- three-year averaging. (1) Average number
belonging (ANB) must be computed for each budget unit as follows:

- (a) compute an average enrollment by adding a count of regularly enrolled full-time pupils who were enrolled as of the first Monday in October of the prior school fiscal year to a count of regularly enrolled pupils on February 1 of the prior school fiscal year, or the next school day if those dates do not fall on a school day, and divide the sum by two; and
- (b) multiply the average enrollment calculated in subsection (1)(a) by the sum of 180 and the approved pupil-instruction-related days for the current school fiscal year and divide by 180.
- (2) For the purpose of calculating ANB under subsection (1), up to 7 approved pupil-instruction-related days may be included in the calculation.
- (3) When a school district has approval to operate less than the minimum aggregate hours under 20-9-806, the total ANB must be calculated in accordance with the provisions of 20-9-805.
 - (4) (a) Except as provided in subsection (5), for the

purpose of calculating ANB, enrollment in an education program:

(i) from 181 to 359 aggregate hours of pupil instruction per school year is counted as one-quarter-time enrollment;

- (ii) from 360 to 539 aggregate hours of pupil instruction per school year is counted as half-time enrollment;
- (iii) from 540 to 719 aggregate hours of pupil instruction per school year is counted as three-quarter-time enrollment; and
- (iv) 720 or more aggregate hours of pupil instruction per school year is counted as full-time enrollment.
- (b) Enrollment in a program intended to provide fewer than 180 aggregate hours of pupil instruction per school year may not be included for purposes of ANB.
- (c) Enrollment in a self-paced program or course may be converted to an hourly equivalent based on the hours necessary and appropriate to provide the course within a regular classroom schedule.
- (d) A pupil in grades 1 through 12 who is concurrently enrolled in more than one public school, program, or district may not be counted as more than one full-time pupil for ANB purposes.
- (5) In calculating the ANB for pupils enrolled in a program established under 20-7-117(1), enrollment in a program that provides 360 or more aggregate hours of pupil instruction per school year must be counted as one-half pupil for ANB purposes.
- (6) When a pupil has been absent, with or without excuse, for more than 10 consecutive school days, the pupil may not be included in the enrollment count used in the calculation of the ANB unless the pupil resumes attendance prior to the day of the enrollment count.
- (7) The enrollment of prekindergarten pupils, as provided in 20-7-117, may not be included in the ANB calculations.
- (8) The average number belonging of the regularly enrolled, full-time pupils for the public schools of a district must be based on the aggregate of all the regularly enrolled, full-time pupils attending the schools of the district, except that the ANB is calculated as a separate budget unit when:
- (a) (i) a school of the district is located more than 20 miles beyond the incorporated limits of a city or town located in the district and at least 20 miles from any other school of the district, the number of regularly enrolled, full-time pupils of the school must be calculated as a separate budget unit for ANB purposes and the district must receive a basic entitlement unit for the school calculated separately from the other schools of the district;
- (ii) a school of the district is located more than 20 miles from any other school of the district and incorporated territory is not involved in the district, the number of regularly enrolled, full-time pupils of the school must be calculated separately for ANB purposes and the district must receive a basic entitlement unit for the school calculated separately from the other schools of the district;

- (iii) the superintendent of public instruction approves an application not to aggregate when conditions exist affecting transportation, such as poor roads, mountains, rivers, or other obstacles to travel, or when any other condition exists that would result in an unusual hardship to the pupils of the school if they were transported to another school, the number of regularly enrolled, full-time pupils of the school must be calculated separately for ANB purposes and the district must receive a basic entitlement unit for the school calculated separately from the other schools of the district; or
- (iv) two or more districts consolidate or annex under the provisions of 20-6-422 or 20-6-423, the ANB and the basic entitlements of the component districts must be calculated separately for a period of 3 years following the consolidation or annexation. Each district shall retain a percentage of its basic entitlement for 3 additional years as follows:
 - (A) 75% of the basic entitlement for the fourth year;
 - (B) 50% of the basic entitlement for the fifth year; and
 - (C) 25% of the basic entitlement for the sixth year.
- (b) a junior high school has been approved and accredited as a junior high school, all of the regularly enrolled, full-time pupils of the junior high school must be considered as high school district pupils for ANB purposes;
- (c) a middle school has been approved and accredited, all pupils below the 7th grade must be considered elementary school pupils for ANB purposes and the 7th and 8th grade pupils must be considered high school pupils for ANB purposes; or
- (d) a school has not been accredited by the board of public education, the regularly enrolled, full-time pupils attending the nonaccredited school are not eligible for average number belonging calculation purposes, nor will an average number belonging for the nonaccredited school be used in determining the BASE funding program for the district.
- (9) The district shall provide the superintendent of public instruction with semiannual reports of school attendance, absence, and enrollment for regularly enrolled students, using a format determined by the superintendent.
- (10) (a) Except as provided in subsections (10) (b) and (10) (c), enrollment in a basic education program provided by the district through any combination of onsite or offsite instruction may be included for ANB purposes only if the pupil is offered access to the complete range of educational services for the basic education program required by the accreditation standards adopted by the board of public education.
- (b) Access to school programs and services for a student placed by the trustees in a private program for special education may be limited to the programs and services specified in an approved individual education plan supervised by the district.
- (c) Access to school programs and services for a student who is incarcerated in a facility, other than a youth detention

center, may be limited to the programs and services provided by the district at district expense under an agreement with the incarcerating facility.

- (d) This subsection (10) may not be construed to require a school district to offer access to activities governed by an organization having jurisdiction over interscholastic activities, contests, and tournaments to a pupil who is not otherwise eligible under the rules of the organization.
- (11) A district may include only, for ANB purposes, an enrolled pupil who is otherwise eligible under this title and who is:
- (a) a resident of the district or a nonresident student admitted by trustees under a student attendance agreement and who is attending a school of the district;
- (b) unable to attend school due to a medical reason certified by a medical doctor and receiving individualized educational services supervised by the district, at district expense, at a home or facility that does not offer an educational program;
- (c) unable to attend school due to the student's incarceration in a facility, other than a youth detention center, and who is receiving individualized educational services supervised by the district, at district expense, at a home or facility that does not offer an educational program;
- (d) receiving special education and related services, other than day treatment, under a placement by the trustees at a private nonsectarian school or private program if the pupil's services are provided at the district's expense under an approved individual education plan supervised by the district;
- (e) participating in the running start program at district expense under 20-9-706;
- (f) receiving educational services, provided by the district, using appropriately licensed district staff at a private residential program or private residential facility licensed by the department of public health and human services;
- (g) enrolled in an educational program or course provided at district expense using electronic or offsite delivery methods, including but not limited to tutoring, distance learning programs, online programs, and technology delivered learning programs, while attending a school of the district or any other nonsectarian offsite instructional setting with the approval of the trustees of the district. The pupil shall:
- (i) meet the residency requirements for that district as provided in 1-1-215;
- (ii) live in the district and must be eligible for educational services under the Individuals With Disabilities Education Act or under 29 U.S.C. 794; or
- (iii) attend school in the district under a mandatory attendance agreement as provided in 20-5-321.
 - (h) a resident of the district attending a Montana job

corps program under an interlocal agreement with the district under 20-9-707.

- (12) (a) For an elementary or high school district that has been in existence for 3 years or more, the district's maximum general fund budget and BASE budget for the ensuing school fiscal year must be calculated using the current year ANB for all budget units or the 3-year average ANB for all budget units, whichever generates the greatest maximum general fund budget.
- (b) For a K-12 district that has been in existence for 3 years or more, the district's maximum general fund budget and BASE budget for the ensuing school fiscal year must be calculated separately for the elementary and high school programs pursuant to subsection (12)(a) and then combined.
- (13) The term "3-year ANB" means an average ANB over the most recent 3-year period, calculated by:
- (a) adding the ANB for the budget unit for the ensuing school fiscal year to the ANB for each of the previous 2 school fiscal years; and
- (b) dividing the sum calculated under subsection (13)(a) by three. (Terminates June 30, 2007--sec. 25(2), Ch. 462, L. 2005.)
- 20-9-311. (Effective July 1, 2007) Calculation of average number belonging (ANB) -- three-year averaging. (1) Average number belonging (ANB) must be computed as follows:
- (a) compute an average enrollment by adding a count of regularly enrolled full-time pupils who were enrolled as of the first Monday in October of the prior school fiscal year to a count of regularly enrolled pupils on February 1 of the prior school fiscal year, or the next school day if those dates do not fall on a school day, and divide the sum by two; and
- (b) multiply the average enrollment calculated in subsection (1)(a) by the sum of 180 and the approved pupil-instruction-related days for the current school fiscal year and divide by 180.
- (2) For the purpose of calculating ANB under subsection (1), up to 7 approved pupil-instruction-related days may be included in the calculation.
- (3) When a school district has approval to operate less than the minimum aggregate hours under 20-9-806, the total ANB must be calculated in accordance with the provisions of 20-9-805.
- (4) (a) Except as provided in subsection (5), for the purpose of calculating ANB, enrollment in an education program:
- (i) from 181 to 359 aggregate hours of pupil instruction per school year is counted as one-quarter-time enrollment;
- (ii) from 360 to 539 aggregate hours of pupil instruction per school year is counted as half-time enrollment;
- (iii) from 540 to 719 aggregate hours of pupil instruction per school year is counted as three-quarter-time enrollment; and
- (iv) 720 or more aggregate hours of pupil instruction per school year is counted as full-time enrollment.
 - (b) Enrollment in a program intended to provide fewer than

180 aggregate hours of pupil instruction per school year may not be included for purposes of ANB.

- (c) Enrollment in a self-paced program or course may be converted to an hourly equivalent based on the hours necessary and appropriate to provide the course within a regular classroom schedule.
- (d) A pupil in grades 1 through 12 who is concurrently enrolled in more than one public school, program, or district may not be counted as more than one full-time pupil for ANB purposes.
- (5) In calculating the ANB for pupils enrolled in a program established under 20-7-117(1), enrollment in a program that provides 360 or more aggregate hours of pupil instruction per school year must be counted as one-half pupil for ANB purposes.
- (6) When a pupil has been absent, with or without excuse, for more than 10 consecutive school days, the pupil may not be included in the enrollment count used in the calculation of the ANB unless the pupil resumes attendance prior to the day of the enrollment count.
- (7) The enrollment of prekindergarten pupils, as provided in 20-7-117, may not be included in the ANB calculations.
- (8) The average number belonging of the regularly enrolled, full-time pupils for the public schools of a district must be based on the aggregate of all the regularly enrolled, full-time pupils attending the schools of the district, except that when:
- (a) (i) a school of the district is located more than 20 miles beyond the incorporated limits of a city or town located in the district and at least 20 miles from any other school of the district, the number of regularly enrolled, full-time pupils of the school must be calculated separately for ANB purposes and the district must receive a basic entitlement unit for the school calculated separately from the other schools of the district;
- (ii) a school of the district is located more than 20 miles from any other school of the district and incorporated territory is not involved in the district, the number of regularly enrolled, full-time pupils of the school must be calculated separately for ANB purposes and the district must receive a basic entitlement unit for the school calculated separately from the other schools of the district;
- (iii) the superintendent of public instruction approves an application not to aggregate when conditions exist affecting transportation, such as poor roads, mountains, rivers, or other obstacles to travel, or when any other condition exists that would result in an unusual hardship to the pupils of the school if they were transported to another school, the number of regularly enrolled, full-time pupils of the school must be calculated separately for ANB purposes and the district must receive a basic entitlement unit for the school calculated separately from the other schools of the district; or
- (iv) two or more districts consolidate or annex under the provisions of 20-6-422 or 20-6-423, the ANB and the basic

entitlements of the component districts must be calculated separately for a period of 3 years following the consolidation or annexation. Each district shall retain a percentage of its basic entitlement for 3 additional years as follows:

- (A) 75% of the basic entitlement for the fourth year;
- (B) 50% of the basic entitlement for the fifth year; and
- (C) 25% of the basic entitlement for the sixth year.
- (b) a junior high school has been approved and accredited as a junior high school, all of the regularly enrolled, full-time pupils of the junior high school must be considered as high school district pupils for ANB purposes;
- (c) a middle school has been approved and accredited, all pupils below the 7th grade must be considered elementary school pupils for ANB purposes and the 7th and 8th grade pupils must be considered high school pupils for ANB purposes; or
- (d) a school has not been accredited by the board of public education, the regularly enrolled, full-time pupils attending the nonaccredited school are not eligible for average number belonging calculation purposes, nor will an average number belonging for the nonaccredited school be used in determining the BASE funding program for the district.
- (9) The district shall provide the superintendent of public instruction with semiannual reports of school attendance, absence, and enrollment for regularly enrolled students, using a format determined by the superintendent.
- (10) (a) Except as provided in subsections (10) (b) and (10) (c), enrollment in a basic education program provided by the district through any combination of onsite or offsite instruction may be included for ANB purposes only if the pupil is offered access to the complete range of educational services for the basic education program required by the accreditation standards adopted by the board of public education.
- (b) Access to school programs and services for a student placed by the trustees in a private program for special education may be limited to the programs and services specified in an approved individual education plan supervised by the district.
- (c) Access to school programs and services for a student who is incarcerated in a facility, other than a youth detention center, may be limited to the programs and services provided by the district at district expense under an agreement with the incarcerating facility.
- (d) This subsection (10) may not be construed to require a school district to offer access to activities governed by an organization having jurisdiction over interscholastic activities, contests, and tournaments to a pupil who is not otherwise eligible under the rules of the organization.
- (11) A district may include only, for ANB purposes, an enrolled pupil who is otherwise eligible under this title and who is:
 - (a) a resident of the district or a nonresident student

admitted by trustees under a student attendance agreement and who is attending a school of the district;

- (b) unable to attend school due to a medical reason certified by a medical doctor and receiving individualized educational services supervised by the district, at district expense, at a home or facility that does not offer an educational program;
- (c) unable to attend school due to the student's incarceration in a facility, other than a youth detention center, and who is receiving individualized educational services supervised by the district, at district expense, at a home or facility that does not offer an educational program;
- (d) receiving special education and related services, other than day treatment, under a placement by the trustees at a private nonsectarian school or private program if the pupil's services are provided at the district's expense under an approved individual education plan supervised by the district;
- (e) participating in the running start program at district expense under 20-9-706;
- (f) receiving educational services, provided by the district, using appropriately licensed district staff at a private residential program or private residential facility licensed by the department of public health and human services;
- (g) enrolled in an educational program or course provided at district expense using electronic or offsite delivery methods, including but not limited to tutoring, distance learning programs, online programs, and technology delivered learning programs, while attending a school of the district or any other nonsectarian offsite instructional setting with the approval of the trustees of the district. The pupil shall:
- (i) meet the residency requirements for that district as provided in 1-1-215;
- (ii) live in the district and must be eligible for educational services under the Individuals With Disabilities Education Act or under 29 U.S.C. 794; or
- (iii) attend school in the district under a mandatory attendance agreement as provided in 20-5-321.
- (h) a resident of the district attending a Montana job corps program under an interlocal agreement with the district under 20-9-707.
- (12) (a) For an elementary or high school district that has been in existence for 3 years or more, the district's maximum general fund budget and BASE budget for the ensuing school fiscal year must be calculated using the current year ANB for all budget units or the 3-year average ANB for all budget units, whichever generates the greatest maximum general fund budget.
- (b) For a K-12 district that has been in existence for 3 years or more, the district's maximum general fund budget and BASE budget for the ensuing school fiscal year must be calculated separately for the elementary and high school programs pursuant

to subsection (12)(a) and then combined.

- (13) The term "3-year ANB" means an average ANB over the most recent 3-year period, calculated by:
- (a) adding the ANB for the budget unit for the ensuing school fiscal year to the ANB for each of the previous 2 school fiscal years; and
- (b) dividing the sum calculated under subsection (13)(a) by three."

{Internal References to 20-9-311:

20-1-101	20-1-308	20-4-203	20-6-702
20-7-117	20-9-306	20-9-306	20-9-306
20-9-313	20-9-321	20-9-321	20-9-329}"

Insert: "Section 5. Section 20-9-314, MCA, is amended to read:

- "20-9-314. (Temporary) Procedures for determining eligibility and amount of increased average number belonging due to unusual enrollment increase. A district that anticipates an unusual increase in enrollment in the ensuing school fiscal year, as provided for in 20-9-313(4), may increase its total basic entitlement and total per-ANB entitlement for the ensuing school fiscal year in accordance with the following provisions:
- (1) Prior to June 1, the district shall estimate the elementary or high school enrollment to be realized during the ensuing school fiscal year, based on as much factual information as may be available to the district.
- (2) No later than June 1, the district shall submit its application for an unusual enrollment increase by elementary or high school level to the superintendent of public instruction. The application must include:
 - (a) the enrollment for the current school fiscal year;
- (b) the average number belonging used to calculate the <u>total</u> basic entitlement and total per-ANB entitlement for the current school fiscal year;
- (c) the average number belonging that will be used to calculate the <u>total</u> basic entitlement and total per-ANB entitlement for the ensuing school fiscal year;
- (d) the estimated enrollment, including the factual information on which the estimate is based, as provided in subsection (1); and
- (e) any other information or data that may be requested by the superintendent of public instruction.
- (3) The superintendent of public instruction shall immediately review all the factors of the application and shall approve or disapprove the application or adjust the estimated average number belonging for the ensuing ANB calculation period. After approving an estimate, with or without adjustment, the superintendent of public instruction shall:
- (a) determine the percentage by which the estimated enrollment exceeds the enrollment used for the budgeted ANB; and
- (b) approve an increase of the average number belonging used to establish the ensuing year's <u>total</u> basic entitlement and total per-ANB entitlement in accordance with subsection (5) if

the increase in subsection (3)(a) is greater than 6%.

- (4) The superintendent of public instruction shall notify the district of the decision by the fourth Monday in June.
- (5) Whenever an unusual enrollment increase is approved by the superintendent of public instruction, the increase of the average number belonging used to establish the <u>total</u> basic entitlement and total per-ANB entitlement for the ensuing ANB calculation period is determined using the difference between the enrollment for the ensuing school fiscal year and 106% of the enrollment used to calculate the budgeted ANB. The amount determined is the maximum allowable increase added to the average number belonging for the purpose of establishing the ensuing year's <u>total</u> basic entitlement and total per-ANB entitlement.
- (6) (a) Any entitlement increases resulting from provisions of this section must be reviewed at the end of the ensuing school fiscal year.
- (b) If the actual enrollment is less than the enrollment used to determine budgeted ANB, the superintendent of public instruction shall revise the total per-ANB entitlement and total basic entitlement calculations, as provided in subsection (5), using the actual enrollment in place of the estimated enrollment.
- (c) All total per-ANB entitlements received by the district in excess of the revised entitlements are overpayments subject to the refund provisions of 20-9-344(4). (Terminates June 30, 2007--sec. 25(2), Ch. 462, L. 2005.)
- 20-9-314. (Effective July 1, 2007) Procedures for determining eligibility and amount of increased average number belonging due to unusual enrollment increase. A district that anticipates an unusual increase in enrollment in the ensuing school fiscal year, as provided for in 20-9-313(4), may increase its total basic entitlement and total per-ANB entitlement for the ensuing school fiscal year in accordance with the following provisions:
- (1) Prior to June 1, the district shall estimate the elementary or high school enrollment to be realized during the ensuing school fiscal year, based on as much factual information as may be available to the district.
- (2) No later than June 1, the district shall submit its application for an unusual enrollment increase by elementary or high school level to the superintendent of public instruction. The application must include:
 - (a) the enrollment for the current school fiscal year;
- (b) the average number belonging used to calculate the total basic entitlement and total per-ANB entitlement for the current school fiscal year;
- (c) the average number belonging that will be used to calculate the <u>total</u> basic entitlement and total per-ANB entitlement for the ensuing school fiscal year;
- (d) the estimated enrollment, including the factual information on which the estimate is based, as provided in

subsection (1); and

- (e) any other information or data that may be requested by the superintendent of public instruction.
- (3) The superintendent of public instruction shall immediately review all the factors of the application and shall approve or disapprove the application or adjust the estimated average number belonging for the ensuing ANB calculation period. After approving an estimate, with or without adjustment, the superintendent of public instruction shall:
- (a) determine the percentage increase by which the estimated enrollment increase exceeds the current enrollment; and
- (b) approve an increase of the average number belonging used to establish the ensuing year's <u>total</u> basic entitlement and total per-ANB entitlement in accordance with subsection (5) if the increase in subsection (3)(a) is at least 6%.
- (4) The superintendent of public instruction shall notify the district of the decision by the fourth Monday in June.
- (5) Whenever an unusual enrollment increase is approved by the superintendent of public instruction, the increase of the average number belonging used to establish the <u>total</u> basic entitlement and total per-ANB entitlement for the ensuing ANB calculation period is the difference between the enrollment for the ensuing school fiscal year and 106% of the current enrollment. The amount determined is the maximum allowable increase added to the average number belonging for the purpose of establishing the ensuing year's <u>total</u> basic entitlement and total per-ANB entitlement.
- (6) Any entitlement increases resulting from provisions of this section must be reviewed at the end of the ensuing school fiscal year. If the actual enrollment is less than the average number belonging used for BASE funding program and entitlement calculations, the superintendent of public instruction shall revise the total per-ANB entitlement and total basic entitlement calculations using the actual average number belonging. All total per-ANB entitlements received by the district in excess of the revised entitlements are overpayments subject to the refund provisions of 20-9-344(4)."

{Internal References to 20-9-314:

20-3-106 20-9-166 20-9-313}"

Renumber: subsequent sections

17. Page 27, lines 24 and 25.

Following: "SUPPORT OF" on line 24

Strike: remainder of line 24 through "ENTITLEMENT," on line 25

Following: "PER-ANB ENTITLEMENT" on line 25

Strike: ","

18. Page 28, lines 24 and 25.

Following: "SUPPORT OF" on line 24

Strike: remainder of line 24 through "ENTITLEMENT," on line 25

19. Page 28, line 26. Following: "BUDGET"
Strike: ","

20. Page 34, line 10.

Insert: "COORDINATION SECTION. Section 10. Coordination instruction. If House Bill No. 417 and [this act] are both passed and approved and if both bills amend 20-9-306, then the sections in those bills amending 20-9-306 are void and 20-9-306 must be amended as follows:

- "20-9-306. Definitions. As used in this title, unless the context clearly indicates otherwise, the following definitions apply:
 - (1) "BASE" means base amount for school equity.
 - (2) "BASE aid" means:
- (a) direct state aid for 44.7% of the basic entitlement and 44.7% 40% of the total per-ANB entitlement for the general fund budget of a district;
- (b) guaranteed tax base aid for an eligible district for any amount up to 35.3% of the basic entitlement, up to 35.3% 40% of the total per-ANB entitlement budgeted in the general fund budget of a district, and 40% of the special education allowable cost payment;
 - (c) the total basic entitlement;
 - (c) (d) the total quality educator payment;
 - (d) (e) the total at-risk student payment;
 - (e)(f) the total Indian education for all payment; and
 - (f) (g) the total American Indian achievement gap payment.
- (3) "BASE budget" means the minimum general fund budget of a district, which includes 80% 100% of the total basic entitlement, 80% of the total per-ANB entitlement, 100% of the total quality educator payment, 100% of the total at-risk student payment, 100% of the total Indian education for all payment, 100% of the total American Indian achievement gap payment, and 140% of the special education allowable cost payment.
- (4) "BASE budget levy" means the district levy in support of the BASE budget of a district, which may be supplemented by guaranteed tax base aid if the district is eligible under the provisions of 20-9-366 through 20-9-369.
- (5) "BASE funding program" means the state program for the equitable distribution of the state's share of the cost of Montana's basic system of public elementary schools and high schools, through county equalization aid as provided in 20-9-331 and 20-9-333 and state equalization aid as provided in 20-9-343, in support of the BASE budgets of districts and special education allowable cost payments as provided in 20-9-321.
- (6) "Basic entitlement" means the payment for the basic operation of each basic entitlement unit. The basic entitlement provides a level of funding for each basic entitlement unit as

follows:

- (a) \$230,199 for each high school district basic entitlement unit:
 - (i) \$236,552 for fiscal year 2008; and
 - (ii) \$243,649 for each succeeding fiscal year;
- (b) \$20,718 for each elementary school district basic entitlement unit or K-12 district elementary program basic entitlement unit without an approved and accredited junior high school or middle school:
 - (i) \$21,290 for fiscal year 2008; and
 - (ii) \$21,929 for each succeeding fiscal year; and
- (c) the prorated entitlement for each elementary school district basic entitlement unit or K-12 district elementary program basic entitlement unit with an approved and accredited junior high school, 7th and 8th grade program, or middle school, calculated as follows using either the current year ANB or the 3-year ANB provided for in 20-9-311:
- (i) \$20,718 times the ratio of the ANB for each kindergarten through grade 6 to the total ANB of kindergarten through grade 8 basic entitlement unit:; plus
 - (A) \$21,290 for fiscal year 2008; and
 - (B) \$21,929 for each succeeding fiscal year; plus
- (ii) \$230,199 times the ratio of the ANB for grades 7 and 8 to the total ANB of kindergarten through grade 8 for an approved and accredited junior high school, 7th and 8th grade program, or middle school:
 - (A) \$60,275 for fiscal year 2008; and
 - (B) \$62,083 for each succeeding fiscal year.
- (7) (a) "Basic entitlement unit" means, subject to subsection (7) (b):
 - (i) 800 ANB for a high school district;
 - (ii) 250 ANB for an elementary district; and
- (iii) 450 ANB for a junior high school, 7th and 8th grade, or middle school.
- (b) Each school district must receive a payment for at least one basic entitlement unit. A district with ANB greater than the applicable number described in subsection (7)(a) must receive an additional unit calculated by dividing the actual ANB by the appropriate number in subsection (7)(a) and rounding that number to the nearest tenth.
- (7) (8) "Budget unit" means the unit for which the ANB of a district is calculated separately pursuant to 20-9-311.
- (8) (9) "Direct state aid" means 44.7% of the basic entitlement and 44.7% 40% of the total per-ANB entitlement for the general fund budget of a district and funded with state and county equalization aid.
- (9)(10) "Maximum general fund budget" means a district's general fund budget amount calculated from the <u>total</u> basic entitlement for the district, the total per-ANB entitlement for the district, the total quality educator payment, the total

at-risk student payment, the total Indian education for all payment, the total American Indian achievement gap payment, and the greater of:

- (a) 175% of special education allowable cost payments; or
- (b) the ratio, expressed as a percentage, of the district's special education allowable cost expenditures to the district's special education allowable cost payment for the fiscal year that is 2 years previous, with a maximum allowable ratio of 200%.

(10)(11) "Over-BASE budget levy" means the district levy in support of any general fund amount budgeted that is above the BASE budget and below the maximum general fund budget for a district.

(11)(12) "Total American Indian achievement gap payment" means the payment resulting from multiplying \$200 times the number of American Indian students enrolled in the district as provided in 20-9-330.

(12)(13) "Total at-risk student payment" means the payment resulting from the distribution of any funds appropriated for the purposes of 20-9-328.

(14) "Total basic entitlement" means the sum of the basic entitlements for all basic entitlement units in a district.

 $\frac{(13)}{(15)}$ "Total Indian education for all payment" means the payment resulting from multiplying \$20.40 times the ANB of the district or \$100 for each district, whichever is greater, as provided for in 20-9-329.

(14)(16) "Total per-ANB entitlement" means the district entitlement resulting from the following calculations and using either the current year ANB or the 3-year ANB provided for in 20-9-311:

- (a) for a high school district or a K-12 district high school program, a maximum rate of \$5,704 \$5,861 for fiscal year 2008 and \$6,037 for each succeeding fiscal year for the first ANB is decreased at the rate of 50 cents per ANB for each additional ANB of the district up through 800 ANB, with each ANB in excess of 800 receiving the same amount of entitlement as the 800th ANB;
- (b) for an elementary school district or a K-12 district elementary program without an approved and accredited junior high school or middle school, a maximum rate of \$4,456 \$4,579 for fiscal year 2008 and \$4,716 for each succeeding fiscal year for the first ANB is decreased at the rate of 20 cents per ANB for each additional ANB of the district up through 1,000 ANB, with each ANB in excess of 1,000 receiving the same amount of entitlement as the 1,000th ANB; and
- (c) for an elementary school district or a K-12 district elementary program with an approved and accredited junior high school, 7th and 8th grade program, or middle school, the sum of:
- (i) a maximum rate of \$\frac{4}{4,456}\$ \$\frac{54}{54,579}\$ for fiscal year 2008 and \$4,716 for each succeeding fiscal year for the first ANB for kindergarten through grade 6 is decreased at the rate of 20 cents per ANB for each additional ANB up through 1,000 ANB, with each

ANB in excess of 1,000 receiving the same amount of entitlement as the 1,000th ANB; and

(ii) a maximum rate of \$5,704 \$5,861 for fiscal year 2008 and \$6,037 for each succeeding fiscal year for the first ANB for grades 7 and 8 is decreased at the rate of 50 cents per ANB for each additional ANB for grades 7 and 8 up through 800 ANB, with each ANB in excess of 800 receiving the same amount of entitlement as the 800th ANB.

(15)(17) "Total quality educator payment" means the payment resulting from multiplying \$2,000 \$3,036 for fiscal year 2008 and \$3,042 for each succeeding fiscal year times the number of full-time equivalent educators as provided in 20-9-327."

{Internal References to 20-9-306:

20-5-323x 20-5-323 x 20-7-102a

Insert: "NEW SECTION. Section 11. {standard} Severability. If a part of [this act] is invalid, all valid parts that are severable from the invalid part remain in effect. If a part of [this act] is invalid in one or more of its applications, the part remains in effect in all valid applications that are severable from the invalid applications."

Renumber: subsequent sections

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